

The region called Xinjian Uyghur Autonomy is "East Turkistan" where Turkic peoples live. Numbers of outrageous crackdown have been conducted after the Chinese Communist Party started domination of the region in 1949.

◇ Culture, History, Religion, and Language of Uyghur People Face Elimination

Traditional culture of Uyghur has been destroyed, and the religious activities of Islam which Uyghur people believe in have been restricted. Even the publication relating to their national and culture have been restricted.

◇ Numbers of Han Chinese Immigrate to Uyghur Region, And Young Uyghurs Are Forced to Move to Inland China

Chinese government has conducted various ethnic cleansing policies for national assimilation. Chinese government has led Han Chinese to immigrate to Uyghur region. At the same time, they have been forcing tens of thousands of unmarried young Uyghur females to move into inland China since several years ago. Even the Uyghur youth in rural areas are forced to emigrate the coastal areas as inexpensive labor. Uyghurs are about to be minority even in East Turkistan.

◇ Numbers of Victims Were Suffered by Nuclear Experiment at Site in Uyghur

"Lop Nur" known as "Wandering Lake" was famous nuclear test site of China. 46 times of nuclear experiments have caused 1 million of victims, even though there was residence nearby the site, even without any warning. The victims have not been given any compensation.

◇ Any Town Meetings Are Under Control of the Government

The youth tend to lose their morals with religious and regional relationship untied. Social problems such as drug and AIDS are caused by various suppression and discrimination.

◇ Natural Resources Are Seized

There are abundant natural resources such as oil, coal, rare metals in East Turkistan. However, the resources are all confiscated and transferred to the central China. Little profits are returned to the habitants of East Turkistan.

"Xinian Uyghur Autonomy" is substantially led by secretary of Han Chinese, instead of nominal head of Uyghur. The autonomy is actually far from real autonomous status.

Furthermore, opponents who complain about cruel treatment are sent to prison or to forced labor camp without any fair procedure as segregationists or terrorists.

◆ About Uyghur ◆

Central Asia including "Xinjian Uyghur Autonomous Region" is also called Turkistan, which means the land where Turkic peoples live. There exist lots of Buddhistic remains as a stage of Buddhism Propagation toward east. Most of residents now believe in Sunni of Islam.

Turkistan is divided east and west by the Pamirs. West Turkistan became independent as Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan and so on followed by collapse of Soviet Union. However, East Turkistan remains under suppression as one of Chinese autonomous regions.

Turks originally grew in Mongolian Highlands, then migrated and settled down in East Turkistan. They went on further westward up to the regions of present Turkey. Total population of Turks (Turkic peoples) is estimated to be 130 million. Uyghurs occupy about 10-20 thousand in the population, and most of them live in East Turkistan.

The area of East Turkistan, with typical inland climate, is five times as large as the area of Japan. Oasis cities prospered on the rim of the Taklamakan Desert in Talim Basin.

Uyghur language belongs to Altaic language which is near to Japanese one in grammar. The lifestyle of Uyghur is in some points like Japanese one. Uyghurs are known to be a nation who loves music and dance. Mukam, their classical music was registered to Intangible Cultural Heritage of UNESCO in 2005.

Turk and Mongolian dynasties prospered in East Turkistan historically. Even in the Qing dynasty under Chinese dominance, they were well governed by religious nobles and influential persons of Uyghur. Twice in 1933 and 1944, Turks mainly declared the independence of East Turkistan, but they were short-lived.

Originally the population of 80% was occupied by Uyghur in the region.

However, the percentage of Uyghur now declines to 40% after Chinese communist party started to govern the area with large number of Han Chinese immigrated.

Uyghur peoples is about to be eliminated from the earth by the Chinese policy of assimilation including their language and culture.

National Olympics Memorial Youth Center (3-1. Yoyogi Kamizono-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo) 4F, Center Building

◆ Access

By Odakyu line Get off at Sangubashi Station (about 3 minutes from Shinjuku).

By Chiyoda Line Get off at Yoyogi-Koen Station (Exit No.4).

The NYC is about 10 minutes walk from the Exit No.4.

By Keio Bus

Get on Bus Stop No.16 at Shinjuku Station Nishiguchi (west exit) bus terminal

Get off at Yoyogi 5-Chome bus stop.

Get on bus stop No.14 at Shibuya Station Nishiguchi bus terminal

Get off at Yoyogi 5-Chome bus stop.

